



Natural Gas to Hydrogen Conversion

Combustion Considerations for Existing Duct Burners and Boilers

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Outline

LCRI LOW-CARBON RESOURCES INITIATIVE

- LCRI Overview
- Duct Burner and Boiler Project
 Areas
- Q&A





Low-Carbon Resources Initiative

FOCUS

Multiple options and solutions to establish viable low-carbon pathways

Technologies for hard-todecarbonize areas of the energy economy

Affordable, reliable, and **resilient** integrated energy systems for the future

RESEARCH AREAS

Synthetic/ Hydrogen **Ammonia Derivative Fuels**

Biofuels

Production Integrated **Pathways** Energy **Systems**

Storage & **Delivery**



End Use Applications

Independent, objective research leveraged by global engagement and collaboration

Comprehensive approach to low-carbon value chain and technology analyses

High-impact results from technology evaluations, and safety, environmental, and economic assessments



LCRI Sponsorship































































































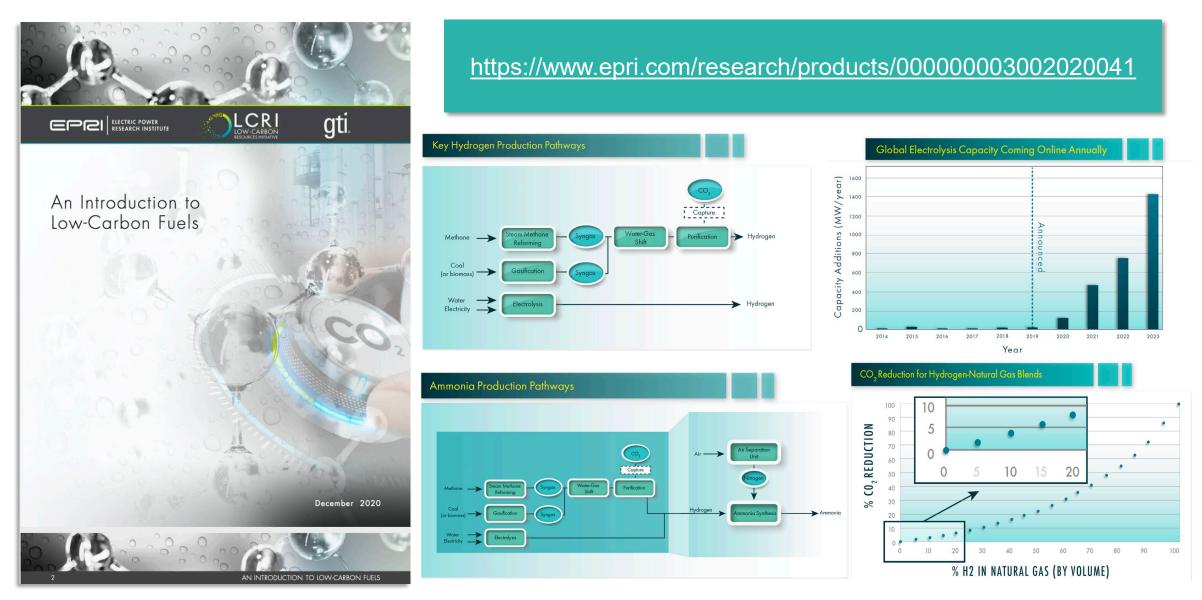






An Introduction to Low-Carbon Fuels – Published

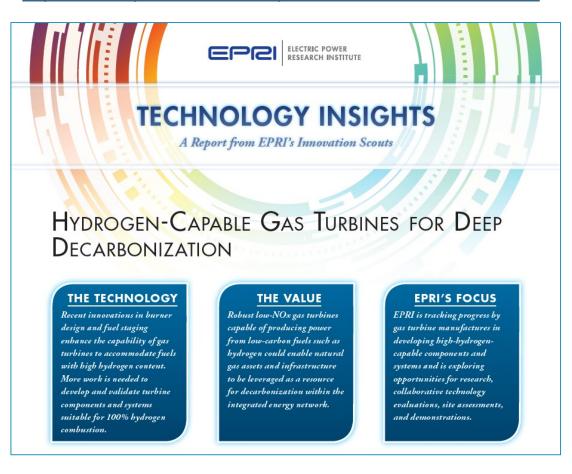




EPRI and LCRI Technical Briefs – Published



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Power Generation Technical Subcommittee



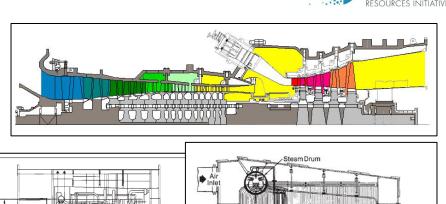
Scope:

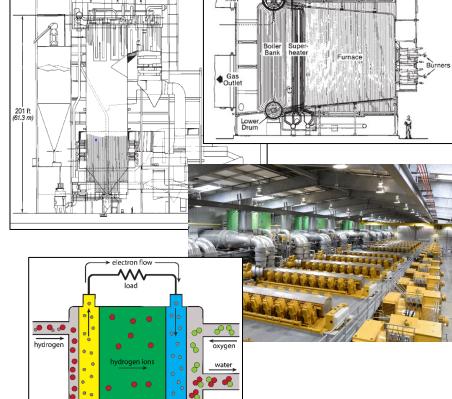
 Gas Turbines, HRSGs (duct burners) and boilers, reciprocating engines, fuel cells

Objective:

 Confirm the viability of low-carbon fuels for power generation, both in pure or blended forms

- Review and assess low-carbon fuels with emphasis on hydrogen and ammonia
- Identify worldwide players (OEMs, universities and research organizations) and current projects
- Identify R&D gaps and collaboration opportunities
- Develop and execute projects



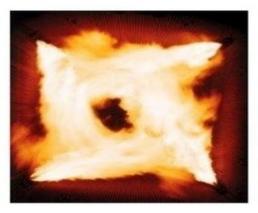


LCRI Project Development

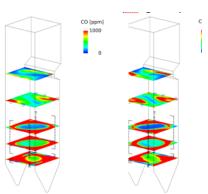
Duct Burners and Boilers

- 1. H₂ Co-firing and Conversions: Duct **Burners and Industrial Boilers**
- 2. Ammonia Combustion Issues for All **Applications**
- 3. Post-Combustion NOx and CO Catalyst **Impacts**











H₂ Co-firing and Conversions: Duct Burners and **Industrial Boilers**



ssue:

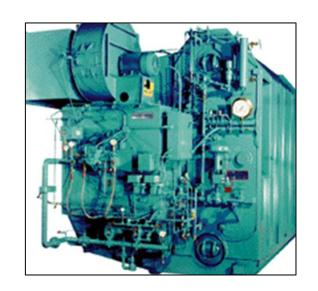
- H₂ applications currently exist (originally designed for H₂)
- Examples of conversion of existing NG duct burners and smaller industrial boilers to H₂, along with performance impacts, are lacking

Objectives:

- Examine key issues (e.g., NOx, materials, I&C, HRSG impacts, safety, etc.)
- Develop guidance for H₂ co-firing and conversions

- Acquire/assess available data
- Perform engineering analyses (NOx, temps, heat dist., etc.)
- Assess required modifications, associated cost and scheduling requirements
- Collaborate with system owners and OEMs







Ammonia Combustion Issues for All Applications



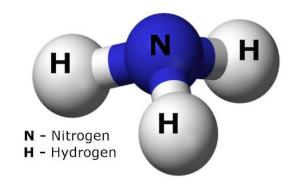
Issue:

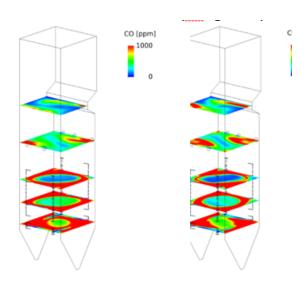
Ammonia combustion is early in its development;
 there are many unknowns

Objective:

 Improve understanding of combustion challenges and seek methods to overcome

- Evaluation of work by other R&D organizations
- Engineering analyses to better understand key issues (NOx, flammability limits, radiant heat transfer, etc.)





Post-Combustion NOx and CO Catalyst Impacts

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Issue:

- GTs, duct burners and boilers modified to fire H₂ and/or NH₃ may generate higher NOx relative to natural gas
- SCR design parameters and potential system modifications must be considered
- No need for CO catalyst when firing 100% H₂ and/or NH₃

Objectives:

- Define key parameters (reagent use, catalyst volume, NH₃/NOx distribution, AIG design)
- Examine potential options and costs for modifying existing SCR systems

- Develop projects addressing key concerns
- Collaborate with system owners and OEMs





Enabling the Pathway to Economy-Wide Decarbonization



